## **Tutorial Week 4**

**Topics:** Connectedness, closed functions, compactness.

**4.1.** Prove that if a topological space X admits a connected dense subset D, then X is itself connected.

**4.2.** Let  $C_1$  and  $C_2$  be two connected subsets of a topological space X such that  $C_1 \cap C_2 \neq \emptyset$ . Prove that  $C_1 \cup C_2$  is connected.

**4.3.** Let X be a topological space. Suppose A is a connected subset of X and  $\{C_i : i \in I\}$  is an arbitrary collection of connected subsets of X such that  $A \cap C_i \neq \emptyset$  for all  $i \in I$ . Then

$$A\cup \bigcup_{i\in I} C_i$$

is a connected subset of X.

**4.4.** Let X and Y be non-empty topological spaces. Prove that  $X \times Y$  is connected if and only if both X and Y are connected.

**4.5.** (a) Prove that the composition of two closed maps is a closed map.

(b) Prove that a continuous bijection between topological spaces is a homeomorphism if and only if it is closed.

**4.6.** Prove that every finite topological space is compact.

**4.7.** Let X be a topological space and let K be a subset of X. We will say that K is a *compact* subspace of X if the subspace topology on  $K \subseteq X$  makes K into a compact topological space.

Prove that K is a compact subset of X (as defined at the start of Section 2.5 in the lecture notes) if and only if it is a compact subspace of X (as defined above).

(In other words, compactness is an intrinsic property of topological spaces: it does not depend on the ambient topological space.)

**4.8.** Let K and L be compact subsets of a topological space X. Prove that  $K \cup L$  is compact.

**4.9.** Let X be a discrete topological space.

- (a) Prove that X is compact if and only if X is finite.
- (b) Prove that X is connected if and only if X is empty or is a singleton.

**4.10.** Let X be a compact topological space and let Y be a Hausdorff topological space. Prove that every continuous bijection from X to Y is a homeomorphism.

Recall that a topological space is *totally disconnected* if its only connected subsets are  $\emptyset$  and the singletons.

**4.11.** (\*) A topological space X is called *totally separated* if for every pair (x, y) of distinct points in X there exist disjoint clopen neighbourhoods U and V of x and y respectively. Prove that every totally separated space is totally disconnected.

**4.12.** (\*) Prove that the following are totally disconnected:

- (a) **Q** equipped with the Euclidean topology;
- (b) every discrete topological space.